## Criteria for acute kidney injury

	Serum creatinine criteria			Urine output
	RIFLE	AKIN	KDIGO	criteria
Definition	Increase in serum creatinine of >50 percent developing over <7 days	Increase in serum creatinine of 0.3 mg/dL or >50 percent developing over <48 hours	Increase in serum creatinine of 0.3 mg/dL developing over 48 hours or >50 percent developing over 7 days	Urine output of <0.5 mL/kg/hr for >6 hours
Staging				
RIFLE-Risk AKIN/KDIGO stage 1	Increase in serum creatinine of >50 percent	Increase in serum creatinine of 0.3 mg/dL or >50 percent	Increase in serum creatinine of 0.3 mg/dL or >50 percent	Urine output of <0.5 mL/kg/hr for >6 hours
RIFLE-Injury AKIN/KDIGO stage 2	Increase in serum creatinine of >100 percent	Increase in serum creatinine of >100 percent	Increase in serum creatinine of >100 percent	Urine output of <0.5 mL/kg/hr for >12 hours
RIFLE-Failure AKIN/KDIGO stage 3	Increase in serum creatinine of >200 percent	Increase in serum creatinine of >200 percent	Increase in serum creatinine of >200 percent	Urine output of <0.3 mL/kg/hr for >12 hours or anuria for >12 hours
RIFLE-Loss	Need for renal replacement therapy for >4 weeks			
RIFLE-End- stage	Need for renal replacement therapy for >3 months			

AKIN: Acute Kidney Injury Network; KDIGO: Kidney Disease/Improving Global Outcomes.

## References:

- Bellomo R, Ronco C, Kellum JA, et al. Acute renal failure-definition, outcome measures, animal models, fluid therapy and information technology needs: the Second International Consensus Conference of the Acute Dialysis Quality Initiative (ADQI)
  Group. Crit Care 2004; 8:B204. Copyright © 2004 BioMed Central Ltd.

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- to improve outcomes in acute kidney injury. Crit Care 2007; 11:R31. Copyright © 2007 BioMed Central Ltd.
- Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO). Acute Kidney Injury Work Group. KDIGO clinical practice guidelines for acute kidney injury. Kidney Int Suppl 2012; 2:1.



**Acute** – A rise in the serum creatinine concentration or an abnormal urinalysis that has developed within hours to days. The criteria for AKI include an increase in serum creatinine by 0.3 mg/dL (27 micromol/L) or ≥1.5 times the baseline value within 48 hours (Acute Kidney Injury Network [AKIN] criteria), or an increase ≥1.5 times the baseline value within seven days (RIFLE criteria and Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes [KDIGO]-AKI)

Chronic - The National Kidney Foundation Kidney Disease Outcomes Quality Initiative (NKF-K/DOQI) and the KDIGO CKD guidelines define CKD as being present if glomerular filtration rate (GFR) <60 mL/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> or evidence of kidney damage such as albuminuria or abnormal findings on renal imaging have been present for three months or more